

## Some Examples on Ring and Fields

Ex-1 Show that the ~~subset~~ set of ~~irrational~~ numbers of the form  $a\sqrt{2}$ , where  $a \in \mathbb{Q}$  is not a ring under usual addition and multiplication.

Soln

Clearly the given set is a subset of irrational numbers.

Let  $S$  be the set.

$$\text{Now } 2\sqrt{2}, 3\sqrt{2} \in S$$

but  $(2\sqrt{2}) \times (3\sqrt{2}) = 6 \times 2 = 12 \notin S$ , since 12 is a rational number.

Hence  $S$  does not form a ring under usual addition and multiplication.

Ex-2 Show that the set  $\{a+b\sqrt{7} : a, b \text{ are integers}\}$  forms a commutative ring with respect to usual addition and multiplication.

Solution

Let  $M = \{a+b\sqrt{7} : a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\}$ , where  $\mathbb{Z}$  is the set of integers.

Let  $a_1 + b_1\sqrt{7}, a_2 + b_2\sqrt{7} \in M$ , so  $a_1, b_1, a_2, b_2 \in \mathbb{Z}$

$$\text{Now } (a_1 + b_1\sqrt{7}) + (a_2 + b_2\sqrt{7})$$

$$= (a_1 + a_2) + (b_1 + b_2)\sqrt{7} \in M, \text{ since } a_1 + a_2, b_1 + b_2 \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\text{Again, } (a_1 + b_1\sqrt{7}) \cdot (a_2 + b_2\sqrt{7}) = (a_1 a_2 + 7b_1 b_2) + (a_1 b_2 + a_2 b_1)\sqrt{7} \in M$$

$$\text{since } a_1 a_2 + 7b_1 b_2, a_1 b_2 + a_2 b_1 \in \mathbb{Z}$$